

CSS-Buttons

MUIT

Learn how to style buttons using CSS.

Basic Button Styling

Example 1

HTML

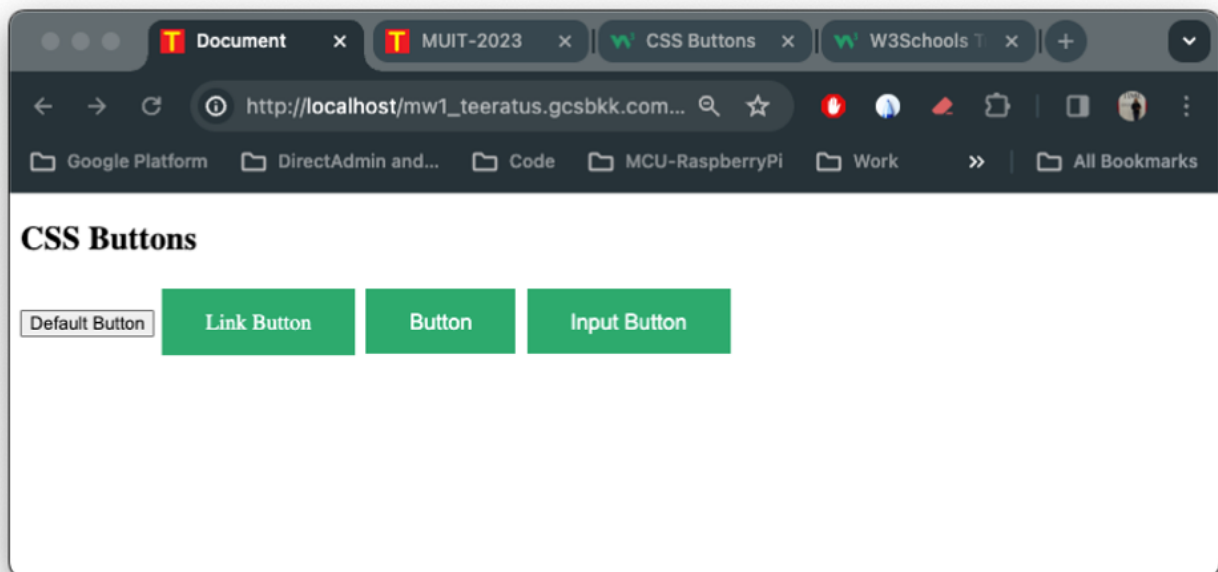
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>CSS Buttons</h2>

  <button>Default Button</button>
  <a href="#" class="button">Link Button</a>
  <button class="button">Button</button>
  <input type="button" class="button" value="Input Button">
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {
  background-color: #04AA6D;
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 15px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  font-size: 16px;
  margin: 4px 2px;
  cursor: pointer;
}
```

Result [View Example](#)



Button Colors

Use the `background-color` property to change the background color of a button:

Example 2

HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Button Colors</h2>

  <p>Change the background color of a button with the background-color
property:</p>

  <button class="button">Green</button>
  <button class="button button2">Blue</button>
  <button class="button button3">Red</button>
  <button class="button button4">Gray</button>
  <button class="button button5">Black</button>
```

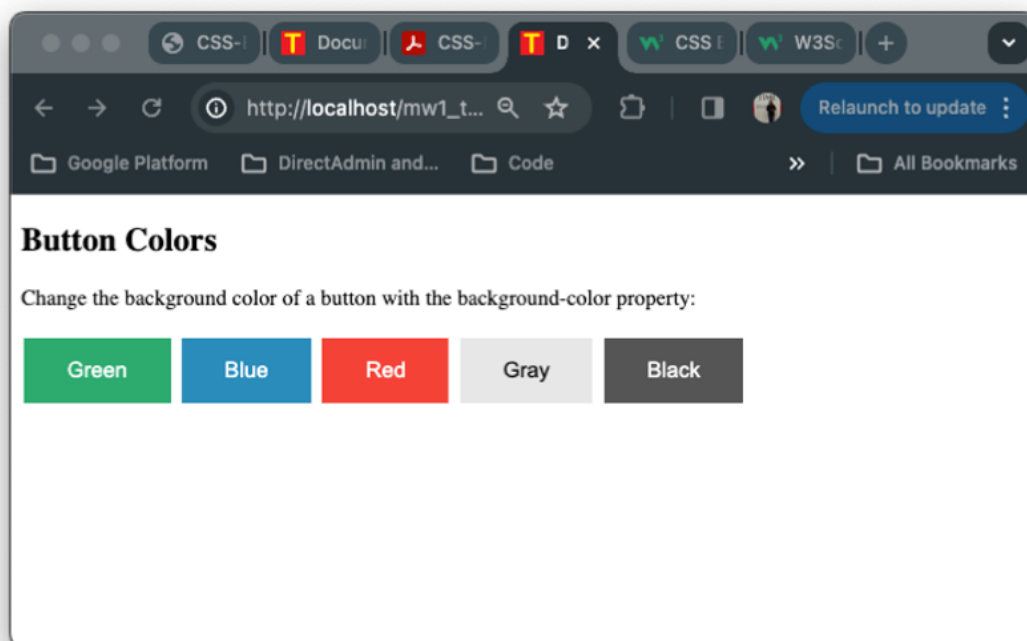
```
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {
  background-color: #04AA6D; /* Green */
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 15px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  font-size: 16px;
  margin: 4px 2px;
  cursor: pointer;
}

.button2 {background-color: #008CBA;} /* Blue */
.button3 {background-color: #f44336;} /* Red */
.button4 {background-color: #e7e7e7; color: black;} /* Gray */
.button5 {background-color: #555555;} /* Black */
```

Result [View Example](#)



Button Sizes

Use the `font-size` property to change the font size of a button:

Example 3

HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Button Sizes</h2>

  <p>Change the font size of a button with the font-size property:</p>

  <button class="button button1">10px</button>
  <button class="button button2">12px</button>
  <button class="button button3">16px</button>
  <button class="button button4">20px</button>
  <button class="button button5">24px</button>

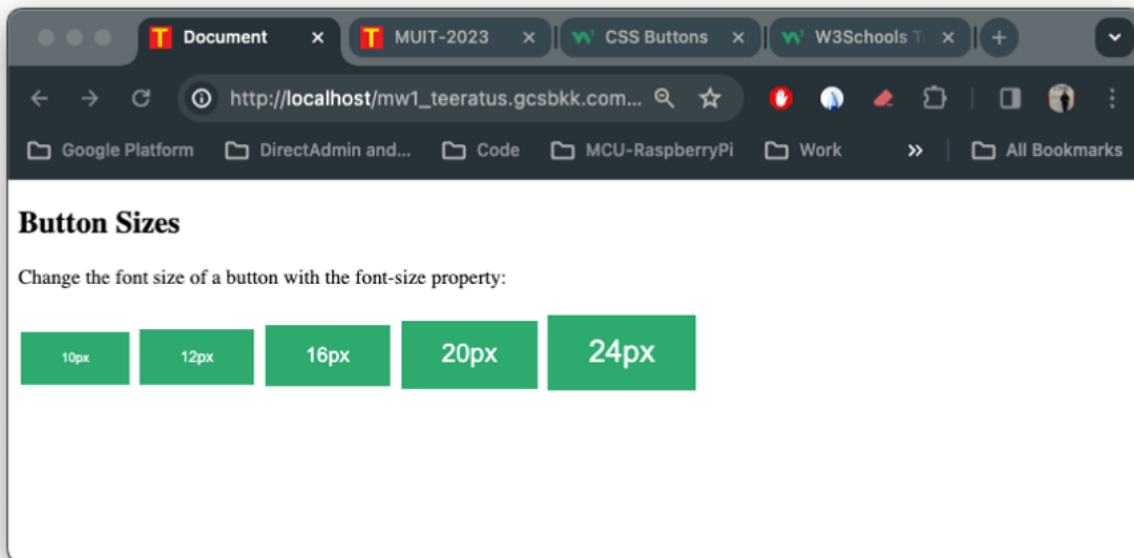
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {
  background-color: #04AA6D; /* Green */
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 15px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  margin: 4px 2px;
  cursor: pointer;
}

.button1 {font-size: 10px;}
.button2 {font-size: 12px;}
.button3 {font-size: 16px;}
.button4 {font-size: 20px;}
.button5 {font-size: 24px;}
```

Result [View Example](#)



Rounded Buttons

HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Rounded Buttons</h2>

  <p>Add rounded corners to a button with the border-radius property:
</p>

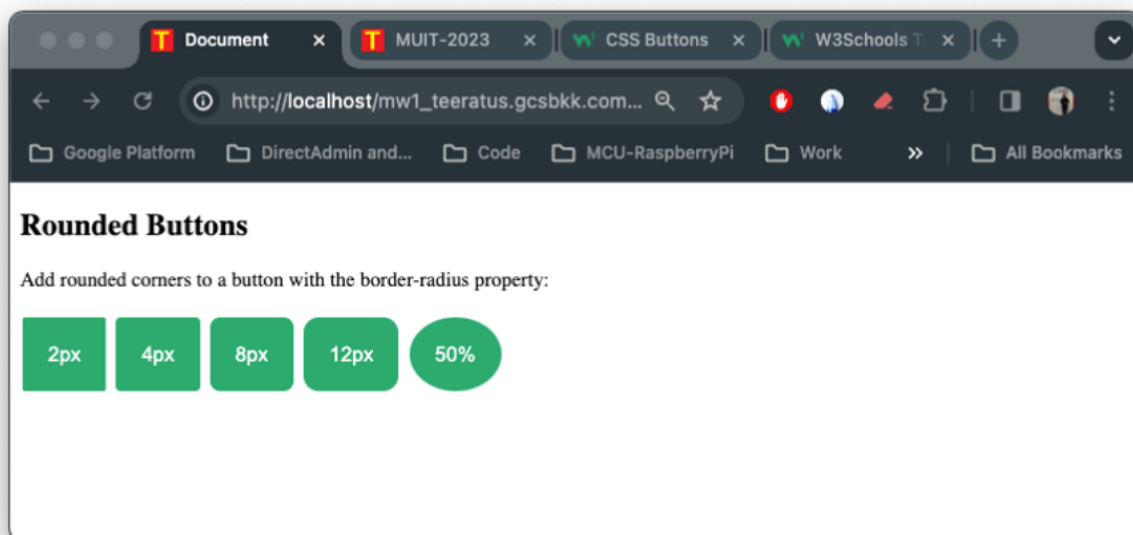
  <button class="button button1">2px</button>
  <button class="button button2">4px</button>
  <button class="button button3">8px</button>
  <button class="button button4">12px</button>
  <button class="button button5">50%</button>

</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {  
  background-color: #04AA6D; /* Green */  
  border: none;  
  color: white;  
  padding: 20px;  
  text-align: center;  
  text-decoration: none;  
  display: inline-block;  
  font-size: 16px;  
  margin: 4px 2px;  
  cursor: pointer;  
}  
  
.button1 {border-radius: 2px;}  
.button2 {border-radius: 4px;}  
.button3 {border-radius: 8px;}  
.button4 {border-radius: 12px;}  
.button5 {border-radius: 50%;}
```

Result [View Example](#)



Button Borders

Use the `border` property to add a border to a button:

Example 5

HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Colored Button Borders</h2>

  <p>Use the border property to add a border to the button:</p>

  <button class="button button1">Green</button>
  <button class="button button2">Blue</button>
  <button class="button button3">Red</button>
  <button class="button button4">Gray</button>
  <button class="button button5">Black</button>
</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {
  background-color: #04AA6D; /* Green */
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 15px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  font-size: 16px;
  margin: 4px 2px;
  cursor: pointer;
}

.button1 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #04AA6D;
}

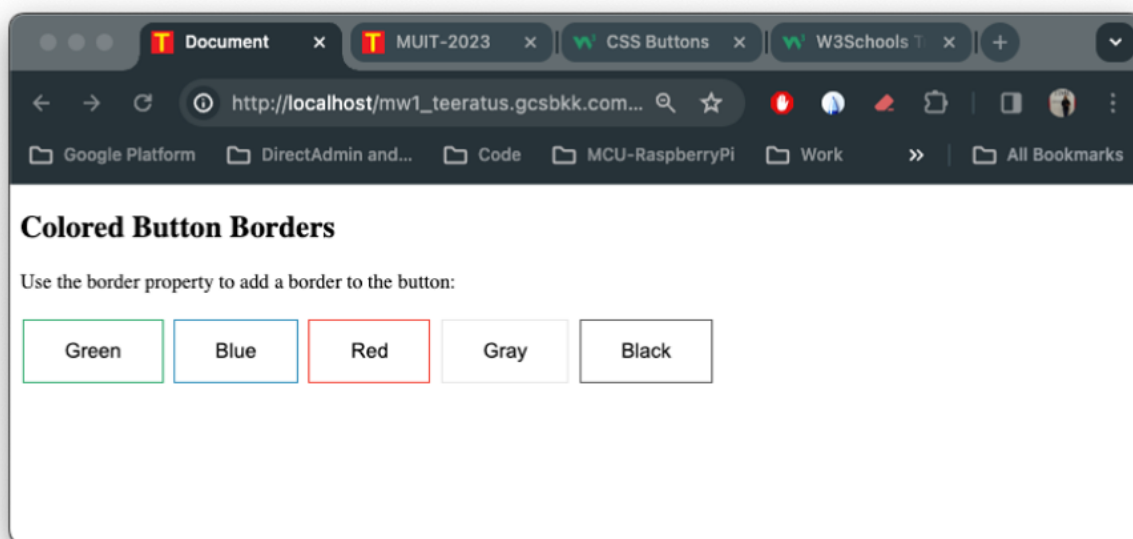
.button2 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #008CBA;
}
```

```
.button3 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #f44336;
}

.button4 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #e7e7e7;
}

.button5 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #555555;
}
```

Result [View Example](#)



Button Hover Effects

Use the `:hover` selector to change the style of a button when you move the mouse over it.

Tip: Use the `transition-duration` property to determine the speed of the "hover" effect:

Example 6

HTML


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
  <link rel="shortcut icon" href="../../images/favicons/favicon-
t.png" type="image/x-icon">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Hoverable Buttons</h2>

  <p>Use the :hover selector to change the style of the button when you
move the mouse over it.</p>
  <p><strong>Tip:</strong> Use the transition-duration property to
determine the speed of the "hover" effect:</p>

  <button class="button button1">Green</button>
  <button class="button button2">Blue</button>
  <button class="button button3">Red</button>
  <button class="button button4">Gray</button>
  <button class="button button5">Black</button>

</body>
</html>
```

CSS

```
.button {
  background-color: #04AA6D; /* Green */
  border: none;
  color: white;
  padding: 16px 32px;
  text-align: center;
  text-decoration: none;
  display: inline-block;
  font-size: 16px;
  margin: 4px 2px;
  transition-duration: 0.4s;
  cursor: pointer;
}

.button1 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #04AA6D;
}

.button1:hover {
  background-color: #04AA6D;
```

```
    color: white;
}

.button2 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #008CBA;
}

.button2:hover {
  background-color: #008CBA;
  color: white;
}

.button3 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #f44336;
}

.button3:hover {
  background-color: #f44336;
  color: white;
}

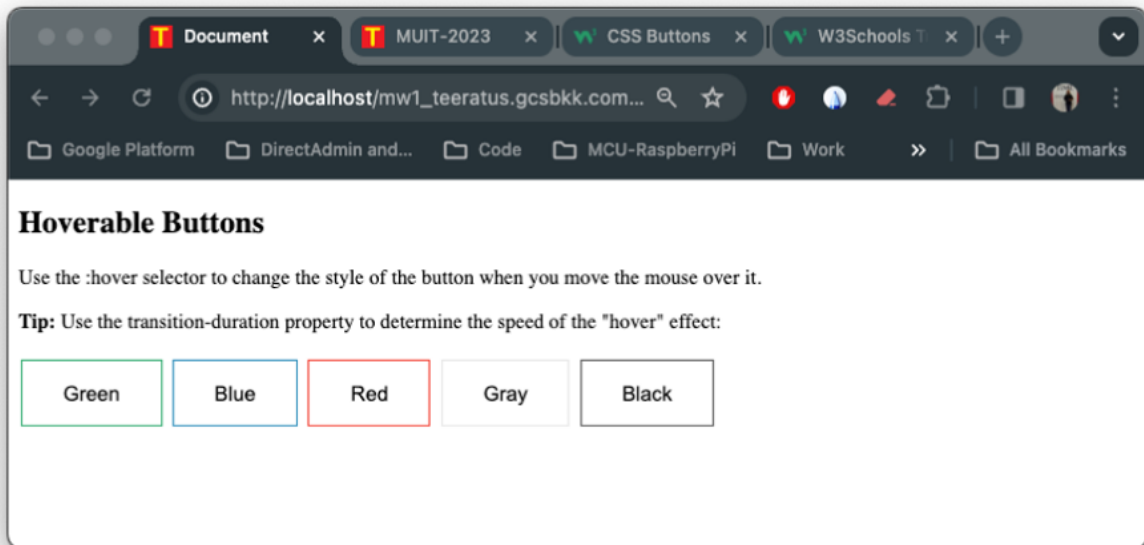
.button4 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #e7e7e7;
}

.button4:hover {background-color: #e7e7e7;}

.button5 {
  background-color: white;
  color: black;
  border: 2px solid #555555;
}

.button5:hover {
  background-color: #555555;
  color: white;
}
```

Result [View Example](#)



Document

[menu](#)

Document in project

You can [Download PDF](#) file.

Reference